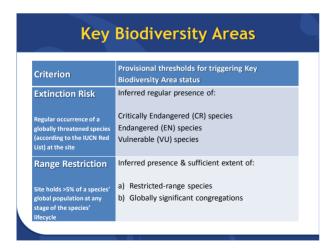
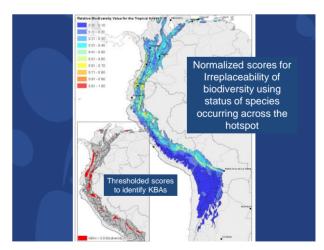


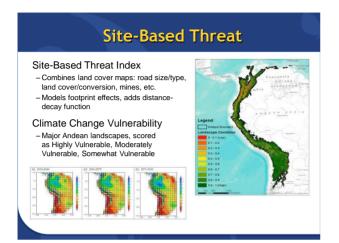
Ecosystem Service	Beneficiaries	Relative Importance
Provisioning		
Water (drinking, irrigation, navigation, industrial use, energy generation)	All residents of the hotspot and downstream drainages	Highly significant in hotspot and throughout drainages in northern and central South America including the Orinoco and Amazon River Basins
Food (bushmeat, wild plants)	Rural and indigenous communities and some urban areas	Locally important especially for indigenous groups
Crop wild relatives	All humankind	Globally significant
Medicinal plants and animals	Rural and indigenous communities and some urban areas	Locally important throughout hotspot
Pasturage	Rural communities and the national and Significant in higher elevation grassland ecosyste international consumers of meat and textiles throughout hotspot produced	
Firewood	Rural and indigenous communities	Locally important throughout forested areas of hotspot
Timber	Rural communities	Locally important throughout forested areas of hotspot
Regulating		
Sediment retention	All communities and cities within hotspot	Significant throughout hotspot
Down-slope safety	Most communities and cities within hotspot	Significant throughout hotspot
Carbon storage	All humankind	Globally significant
Climate regulation	All residents of the hotspot	Significant throughout hotspot
Supporting		
Photosynthesis, pollination, soil formation	All residents of the hotspot	Significant throughout hotspot
Waste disposal	All residents of the hotspot and downstream drainages	Significant in hotspot and throughout drainages
Cultural		
Ecotourism opportunities	Local, national, and international tour operators and tourism infrastructure support staff	Locally important throughout hotspot
Scenic beauty and spiritual value	All humankind	Globally significant

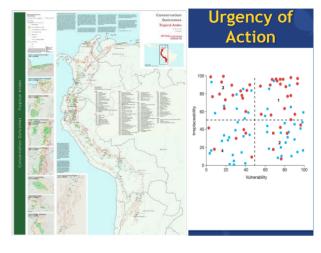














Defining the Investment Niche			
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Criteria	Conditions for CEPF Investment		
Biological Priority	KBA is ranked as a high priority for species vulnerability and irreplaceability to prevent species extinction.		
Degree of Threat	Threats pose an existential risk in the short-to-medium-term to those habitats and ecosystem services vital to priority species and local people.		
Funding Need	KBA has a critical need for CEPF funds based on existing and prospective funding streams.		
Management Need	Given its existing management capacity, KBA has a critical need for management improvements that have a reasonably good chance of ameliorating key threats.		
Civil Society	Opportunities exist to support and strengthen civil society groups working		
Capacity	in or near a priority KBA, to position them as effective stewards and champions of the KBA and its priority species.		
Operational	CEPF can operate effectively and efficiently in the KBA, without such		
feasibility	obstacles as long-term insecurity or legal prohibitions to undermine success.		
Large-Landscape	KBA offers an important opportunity to address conservation needs		
Opportunity	of the large landscapes present in the Tropical Andes,		

Strategic Directions in the Tropical Andes Hotspot

- Institutionalize and leverage support and financing for safeguarding globally threatened species
- Improve protection and management of 28 priority KBAs
- Integrate biodiversity conservation into development planning, policy, and implementation in seven conservation corridors and at the national, local and sectoral level
- Promote adoption of best practices for biodiversity in mining and infrastructure policy, planning, and implementation

Support for Engagement by Civil Society			
Strategic Directions	Investment Priorities		
6. Support robust civil society capacity and engagement with	 Support efforts to build and strengthen the institutional capacity of civil society organizations to undertake conservation initiatives and actions in priority KBAs and corridors. 		
multiple stakeholders to strengthen biodiversity conservation	Enable local and regional networking, learning and best-practice sharing approaches to strengthen stakeholder involvement in biodiversity conservation within priority corridors.		
7. Provide strategic leadership and effective coordination of CEPF	 Operationalize and coordinate CEPF's grant-making processes and procedures to ensure effective implementation of CEPF's strategy throughout the hotspot. 		
investment through a regional implementation team	Build a broad constituency of civil society groups working across institutional and political boundaries toward achieving the shared conservation goals described in the ecosystem profile.		
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