

# **DISEASES OF SPECIAL IMPORTANCE TO THE WILDLIFE INDUSTRY IN NAMIBIA**

**(Ulf Tubbesing)**



# WHO AM I TO GIVE THIS LECTURE?



**WILDLIFE VET  
GAME CAPTURE/DEALER  
OWNER OF A (SMALL) GAME RANCH**

# Historically different attitudes towards managing disease in Livestock vs Wildlife



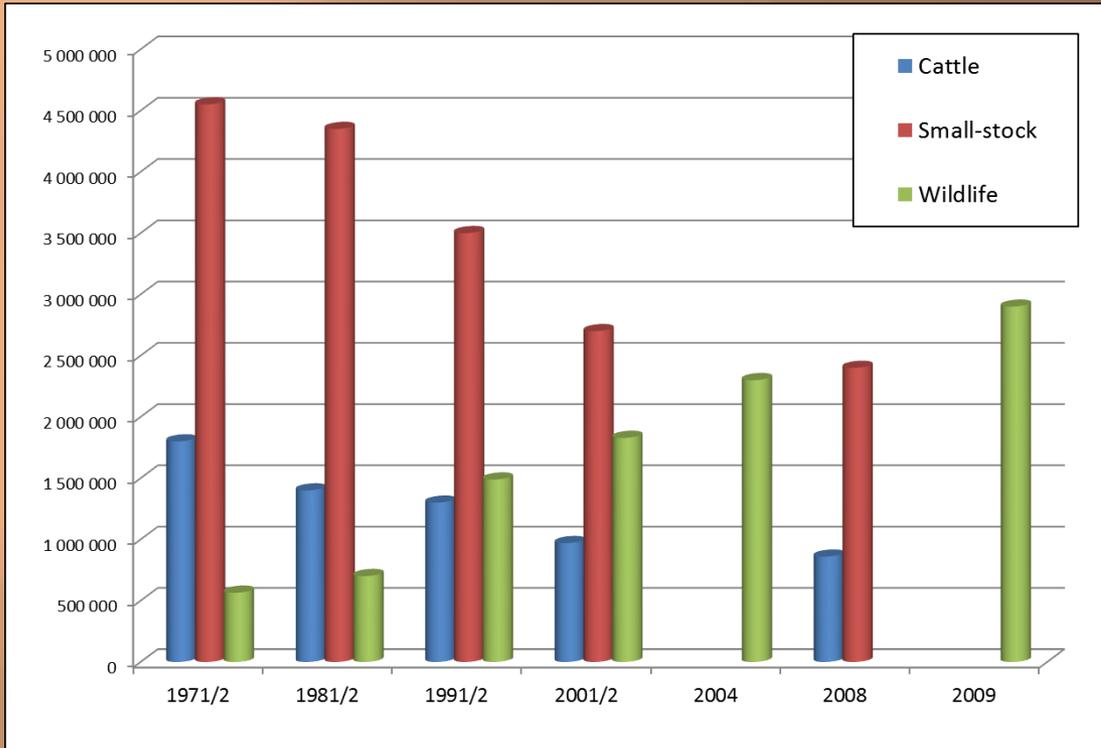
In 1950's *Tryp. brucei rhodesiense* was ID in one Bushbuck in Rhodesia

→ assumed reservoir for human sleeping sickness

→ Bushbuck culling operation

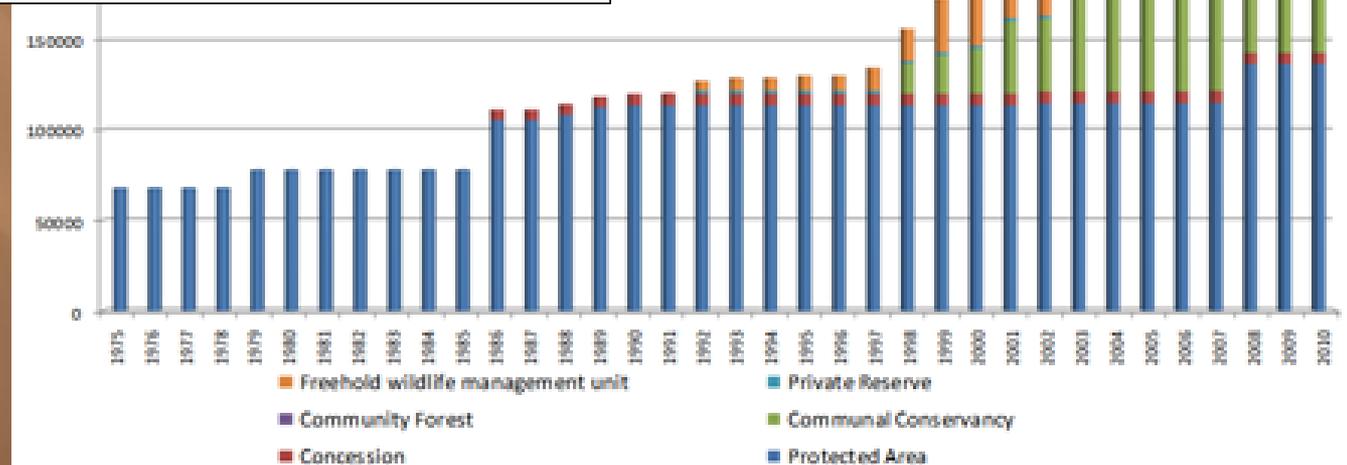
→ In 1966 Cattle were finally ID as reservoir hosts!! Of course no culling!!

# MUCH HAS CHANGED SINCE THE EARLY DAYS

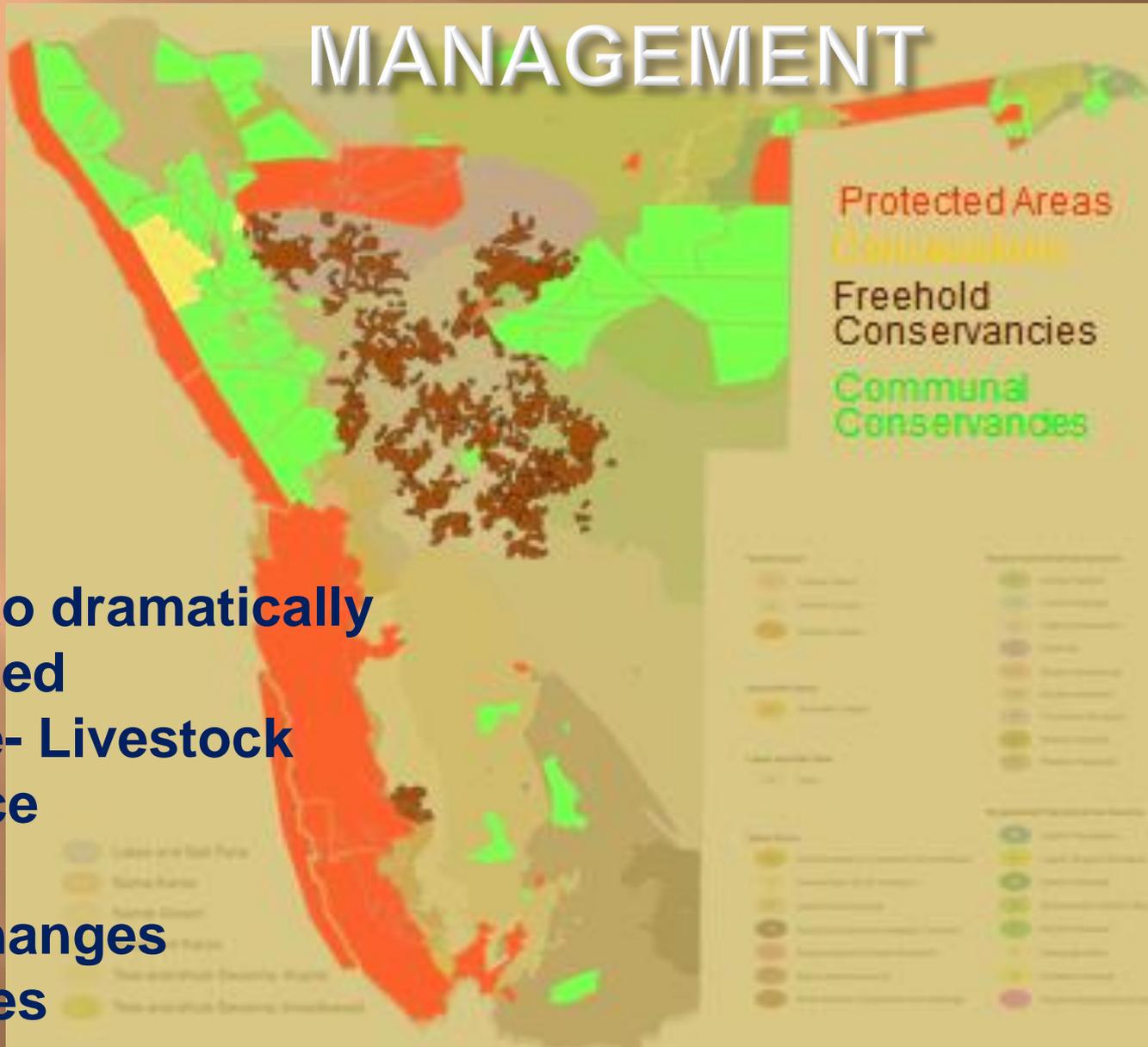


## TRENDS IN LIVESTOCK AND WILDLIFE NUMBERS IN NAMIBIA

## AREA IN KM<sup>2</sup> UNDER CONSERVATION IN NAMIBIA



# AREAS OF WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT



Leads to dramatically  
increased  
Wildlife- Livestock  
Interface  
BUT  
Also changes  
Attitudes

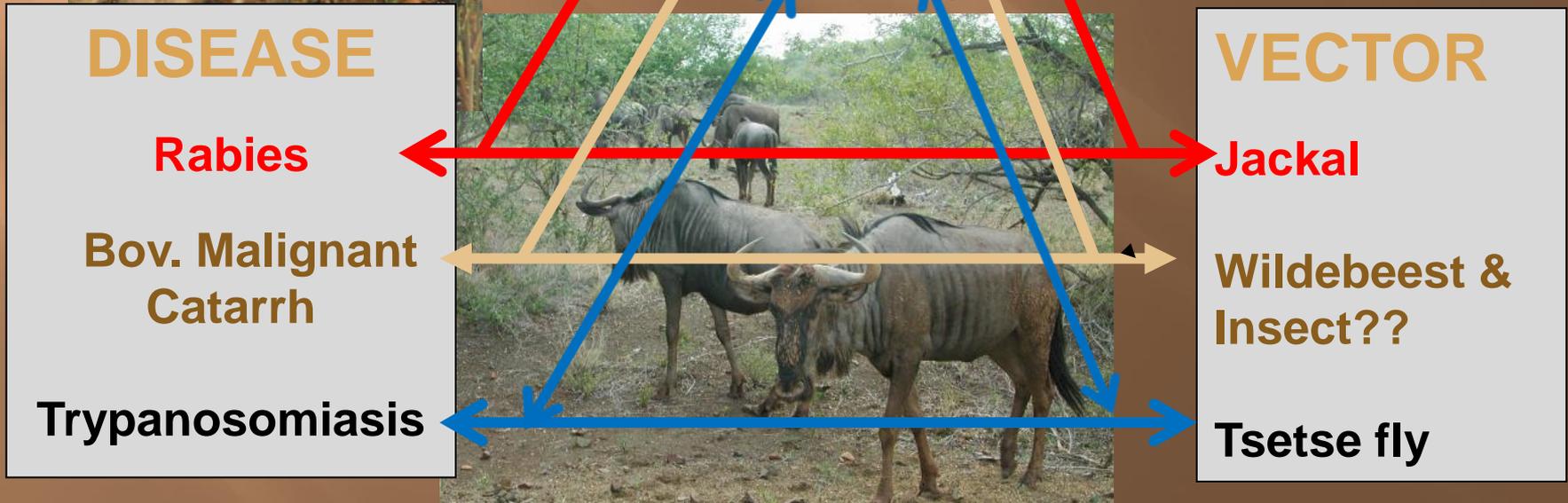
# THE IMPACT OF DISEASE & PARASITES ON GAME RANCHING



- COMPLICATE CONSERVATION GOALS
- REDUCE POTENTIAL HARVEST
- WILDLIFE-LIVESTOCK INTERFACE but INFECTION A TWO WAY ISSUE!!
- ZONOTIC POTENTIAL

**IMPORTANT FROM A GAME  
RANCHING PERSPECTIVE**

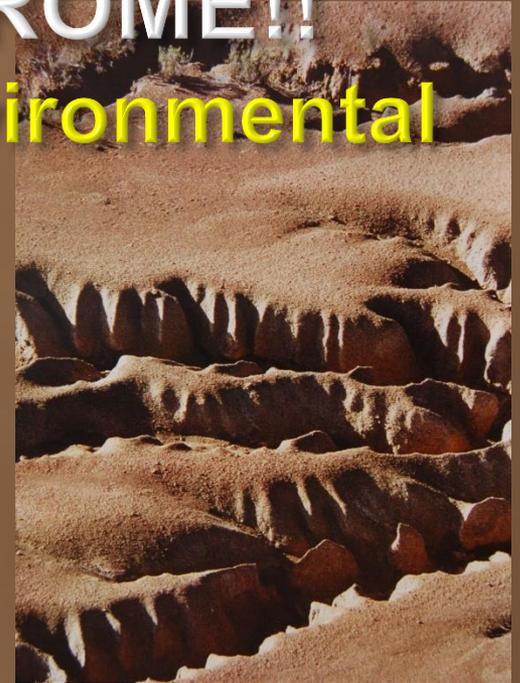
# THE ECOLOGICAL TRIANGLE



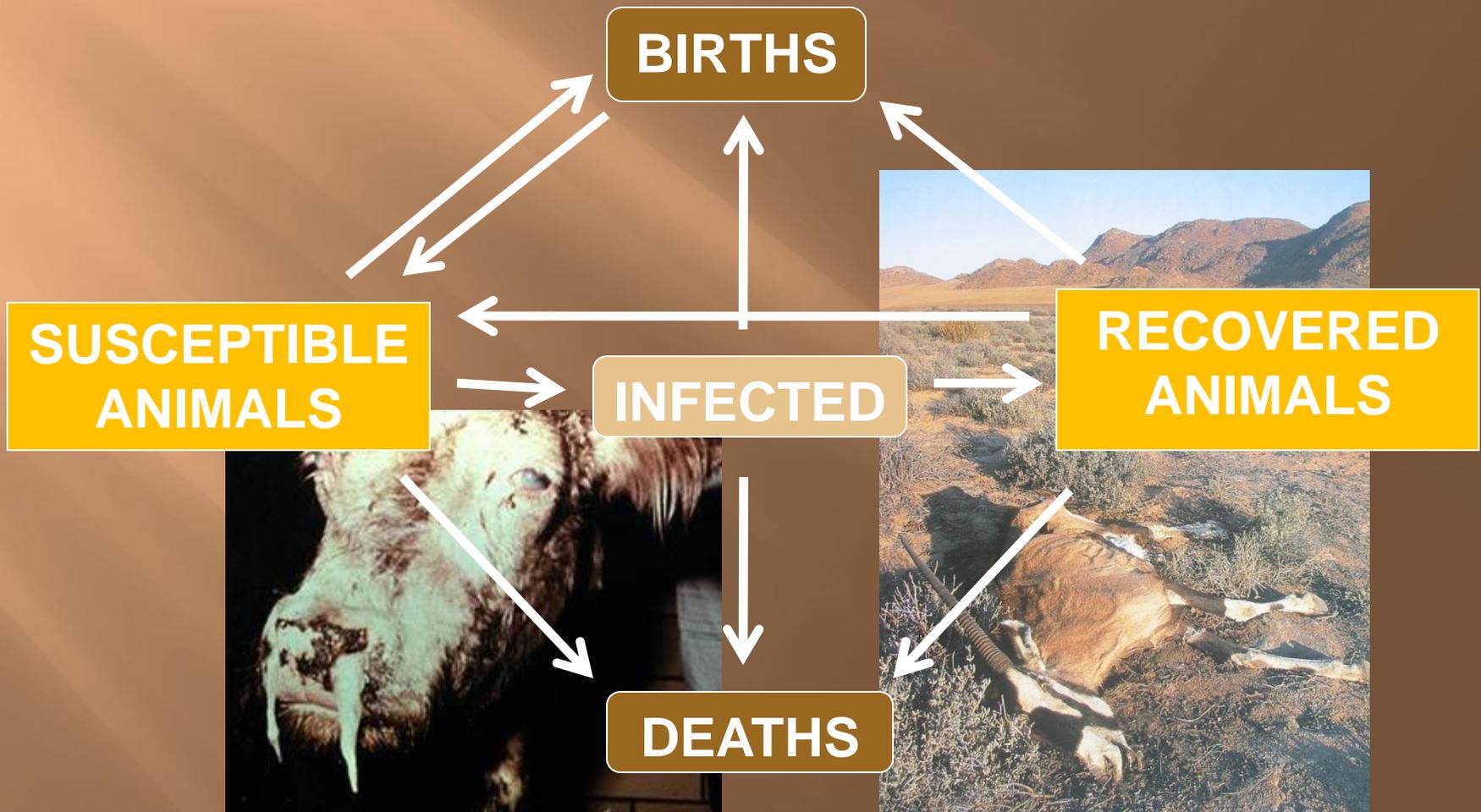
# SICK HABITAT SYNDROME!!

## Unnatural multi-factorial environmental health problems:

- FENCING -FRAGMENTED LAND
- OVERSTOCKING
- WATER POINTS - POOR PLANNING
- REDUCED RIVER FLOW..
- BAD BURNING PRACTICE
- EXCESSIVE DEBUSHING
- EXCAVATIONS, EROSION etc.



# PARASITES & DISEASE ARE REGULATOR OF POPULATIONS



# NOW TO THE DISEASES!



"YOU SHOULD HAVE CALLED ME SOONER."

A silhouette of a buffalo standing in a field at sunset or sunrise. The sky is a warm, glowing orange and red, and the ground is dark. The buffalo is the central focus, with its horns and body clearly defined against the bright background. The text is overlaid on the lower part of the image.

WHY DON'T WE HAVE BUFFALO ON  
PRIVATE LAND IN NAMIBIA?

# 1<sup>ST</sup> REASON FOR NOT HAVING BUFFALO ON PRIVATE LAND IN NAMIBIA!

FOOT- AND-MOUTH DISEASE



# 2<sup>ND</sup> REASON FOR NOT HAVING BUFFALO ON PRIVATE LAND IN NAMIBIA!

## BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS

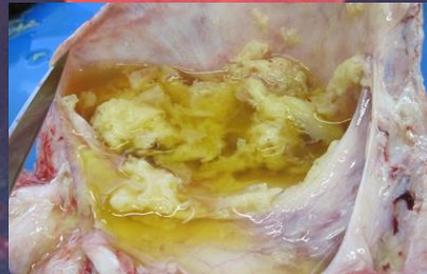
Last confirmed case in Namibia +/- 1995 in  
cattle, “never in wildlife?”



# 3<sup>RD</sup> REASON FOR NOT HAVING BUFFALO ON PRIVATE LAND IN NAMIBIA!

## BRUCELLOSIS

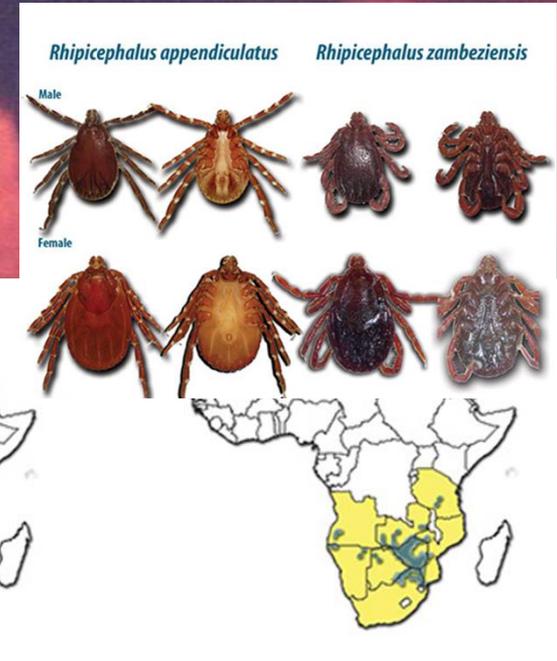
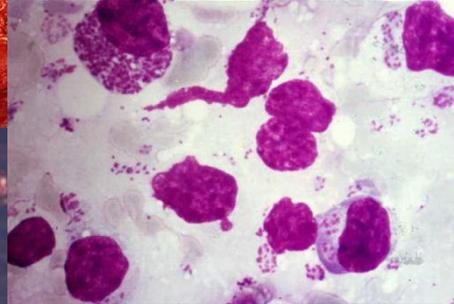
In Namibia very low incidence of both *B. bovis* and *B. melitensis* in cattle and small stock.



# 4 REASONS FOR NOT HAVING BUFFALO ON PRIVATE LAND IN NAMIBIA!

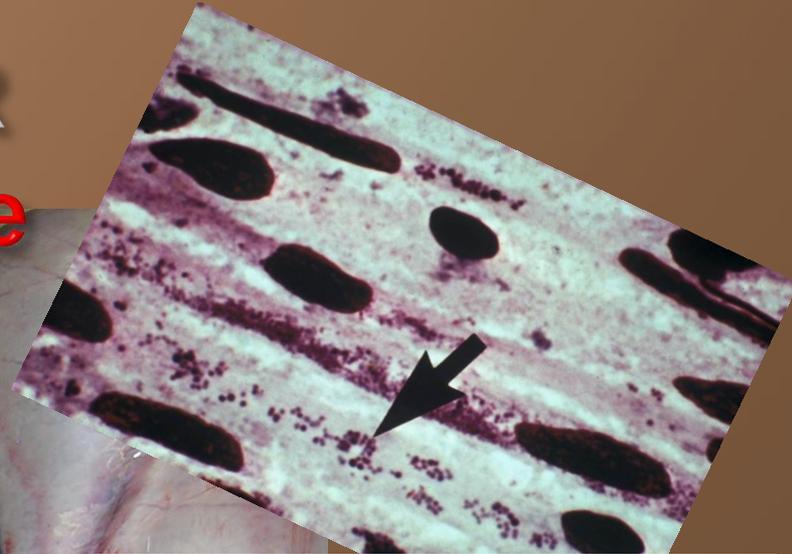
## CORRIDOR DISEASE

Not in Namibia



# HEART WATER

Watch out, here it comes!



*Amblyomma variegatum*

*Amblyomma hebraeum*

Male



Female



Distribution



# BOVINE MALIGNANT CATHARR FEVER



DOUBLE FENCE "REGULATION" 2/07/2011

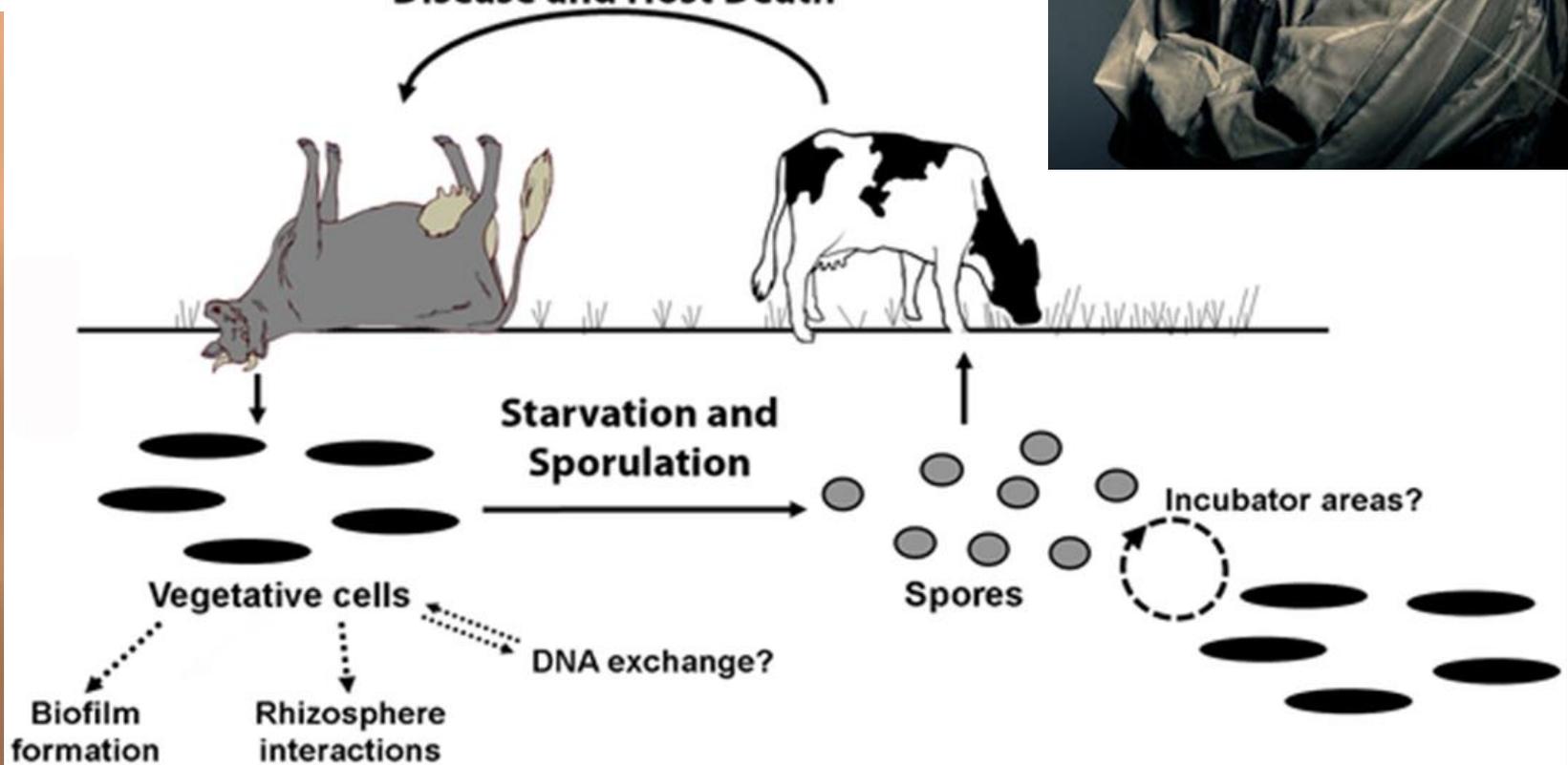


# ANTHRAX

*Bacillus anthracis*



## Disease and Host Death



# ANTHRAX EPIDEMIOLOGY



# SYMPTOMS & PATHOLOGY

- ▣ Per-acute to acute mortality
- ▣ Multiple animals





BLEEDING &  
EARLY  
AUTOLYSIS  
POOR RIGOR

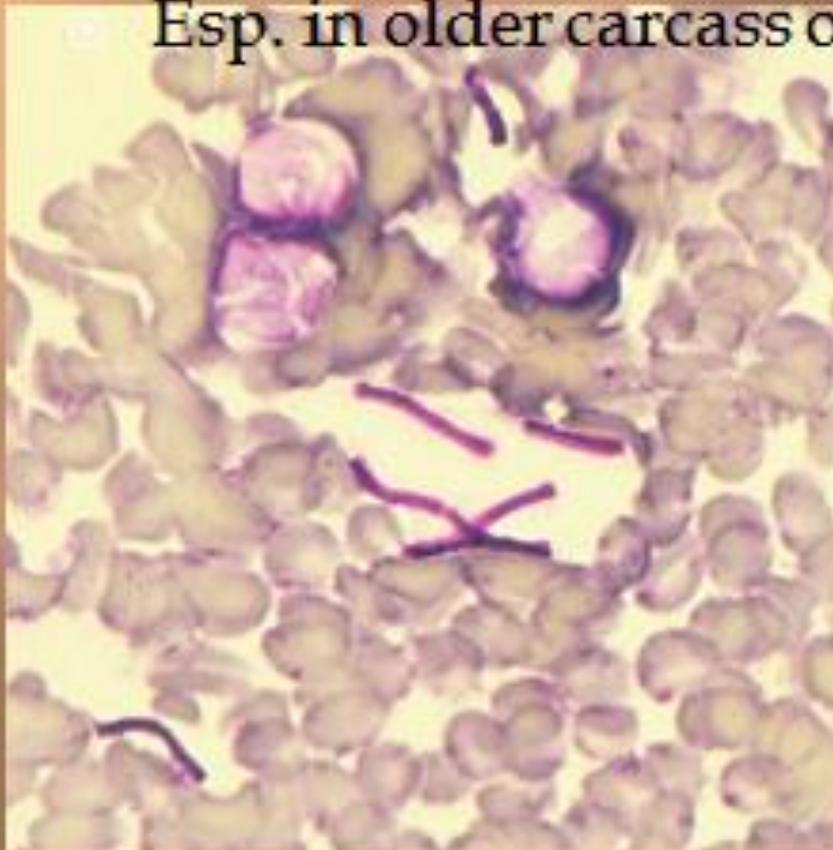


# ANTHRAX IN CARNIVORES



# DIAGNOSIS: BLOOD SMEAR!

- ▣ Mfayden/Giemsa
- ▣ Bact. count is spp dependent
- ▣ Esp. in older carcass often false neg.



# RABIES

esp in  
Kudu and  
Eland



# AFRICAN SWINE FEVER

- **IMPORTANCE - Economic**
- **EPIDEMIOLOGY - Wild Pig - Tick - Domestic pig**
- **SYMPTOMS - Bloody GE, Cyanosis, Death**
- **PM - Widespread hemorrhages**
- **DIAGNOSIS - Lab tests**
- **TREATMENT - None, Fatal**
- **PREVENTION - Cull**
  - No Vaccine
  - Vector control/ Fencing



# AFRICAN HORSE SICKNESS



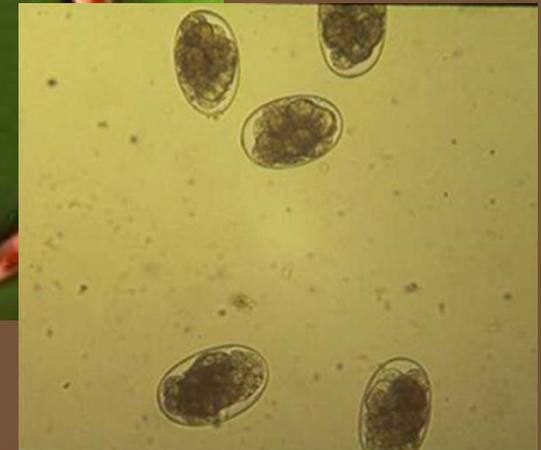
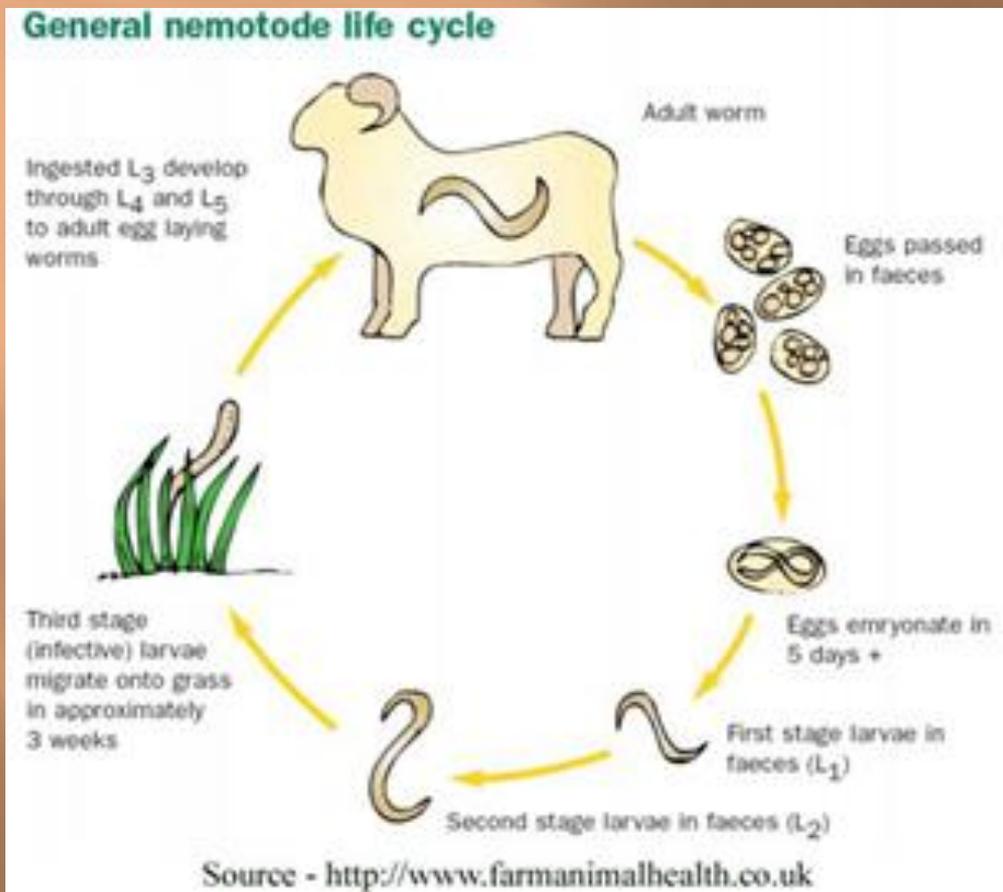
➤ **EPIDEMIOLOGY** - *Culicoides*  
Seasonal, Meat may be infectious

**Importance of Zebra?**

- **SYMPTOMS** - 3 Forms
- **PM** - Depending on Form
- **DIAGNOSIS**
- **TREATMENT**
- **PREVENTION** - Vaccinate
- Vector control

# ENDO-PARASITES (WORMS)

A disease of intensification



# BODY CONDITION SCORE IN GAME



# MANAGING THE HOST

- ▣ Super spreaders (the 80:20 rule)
- ▣ Diligent testing & Records!
- ▣ Select for Physical traits **& Resistance!!**
- ▣ Genetics: Resistance vs Resilience
- ▣ Resistance/Immunity:
  - Takes time to develop
  - Wanes with debilitation (Sx, nutrition)
  - Needs “booster” – REFUGIA!!



# NUTRITIONAL MANAGEMENT

- ▣ Good quality food = good immunity
- ▣ Hygiene (food and water)
- ▣ Sufficient feeding space!!
- ▣ Not off the ground!
- ▣ Move feeding spots



# MANAGING THE ENVIRONMENT

- ▣ Clean pastures??
- ▣ Pasture rest and rotation
- ▣ Multi-species grazing
- ▣ Alternative forage?
- ▣ Healthy soil!



## MANAGING THE PARASITE

- ▣ ANTHELMINTIC RESISTANCE – GROWING GLOBAL PROBLEM
  - ▣ CAUSE? INCORRECT USE – OVER USED, UNDER DOSED
  - ▣ CROSS RESISTANCE BETWEEN GROUPS

## PARASITE CONTROL POINTS

- ▣ Should be in consultation with veterinarian
- ▣ Test for Anthelmintic resistance
- ▣ Quarantine Rx to avoid new worm introductions
- ▣ Treat only when necessary (FEC; Sick; Season)
- ▣ Maintain Refugia!! TST vs SPT
- ▣ Ensure proper drug administration
  - Dosing technique
  - In food/ Water?
  - Drop out darts?

# **DOG AND CAT DISEASES**

- **CANINE DISTEMPER**
- **CANINE PARVO ENTERITIS**
- **FELINE PANLEUCOPENIA**
- **FELINE SNUFFLES COMPLEX**
- **FELINE INFECTIOUS PERITONITIS**
- **FELINE LEUKEMIA (FeLV)**
- **FELINE IMMUNODEFICIENCY  
VIRUS**

# INFECTIOUS DISEASE PREVENTION IN WILD CARNIVORES

- Vaccines are developed and tested in Domestic species!!!
- Vaccines may Induce Disease!
- **RECOMMENDATION:**

- ✓ **Vaccinate**
- ✓ **Avoid Contact with Dogs & Cats**
- ✓ **Optimal Health – Nutrition**
  - **Parasite Control**
  - **Minimize Stress**
  - **Decent Enclosures**



# DISEASE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

**Difference: Domestic vs Wild  
Animals!**

**We need common goals!  
Prevention or Crisis management?**

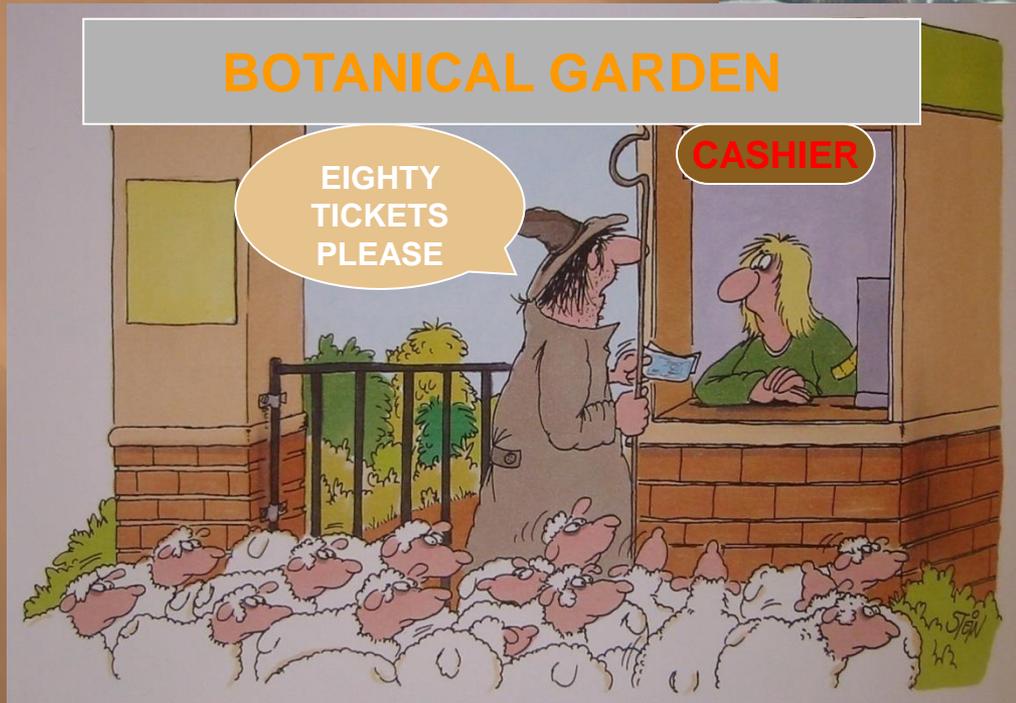


# WHERE LIVESTOCK IS:

- MOSTLY ALIEN SPECIES
- EASILY MANIPULATED
- MONOCULTURE



## BOTANICAL GARDEN



# WHEREAS GAME IS:



- HIGHLY DIVERSE AND SPECIALISED
- INDIGENOUS (AT LEAST REGIONAL)
- DIFFICULT & EXPENSIVE TO MANIPULATE

## IN THE WILD GAME

- ▣ High pressure – short duration grazing
- ▣ Multi species grazing
- ▣ Harsh natural selection

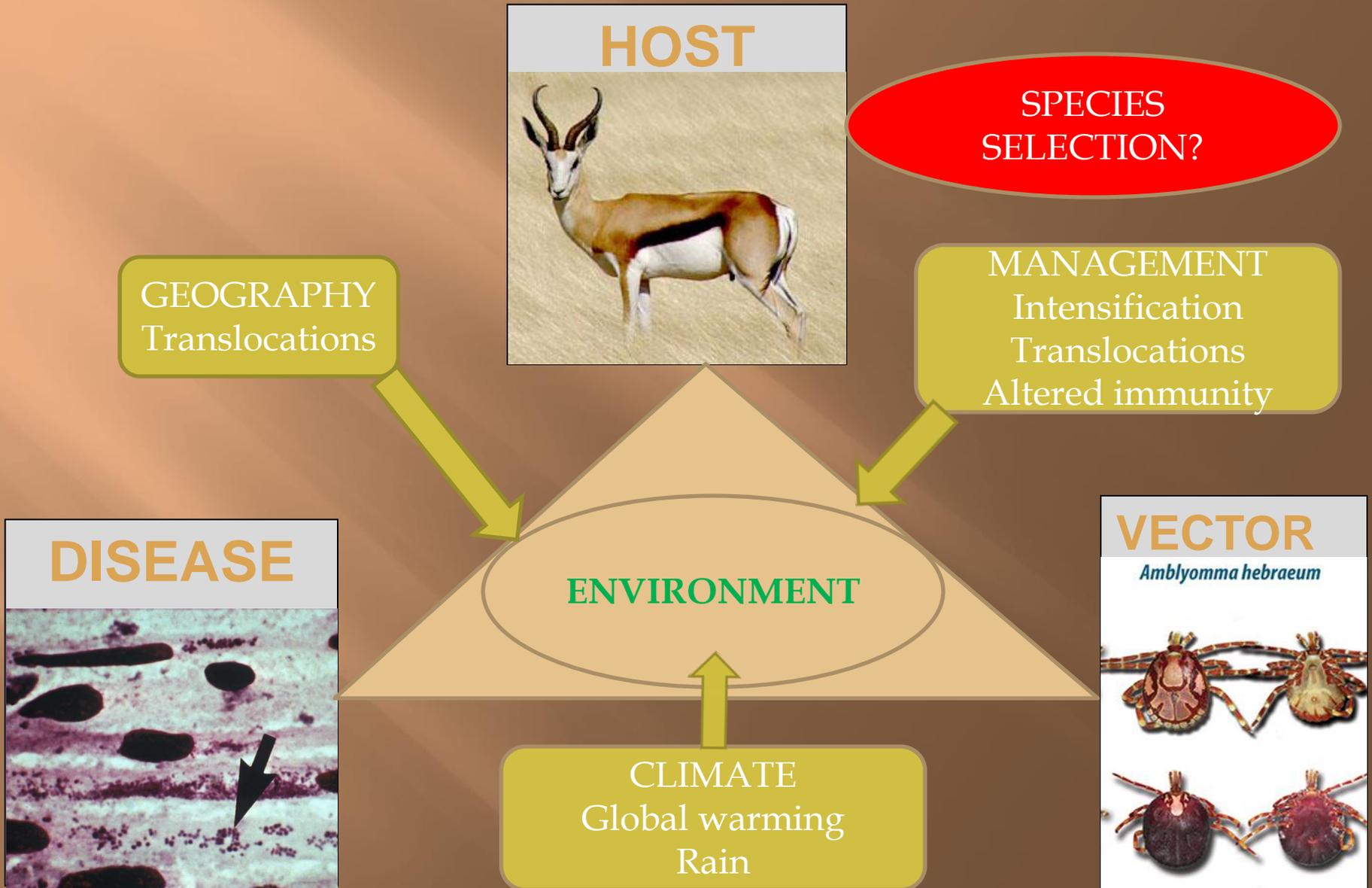


## INTENSIVE GAME FARMING

- High pressure +/- permanent grazing (small camps)
- Often single species grazing
- Little/no natural selection
- Inbreeding depression!?
- Deworming with dart/in food

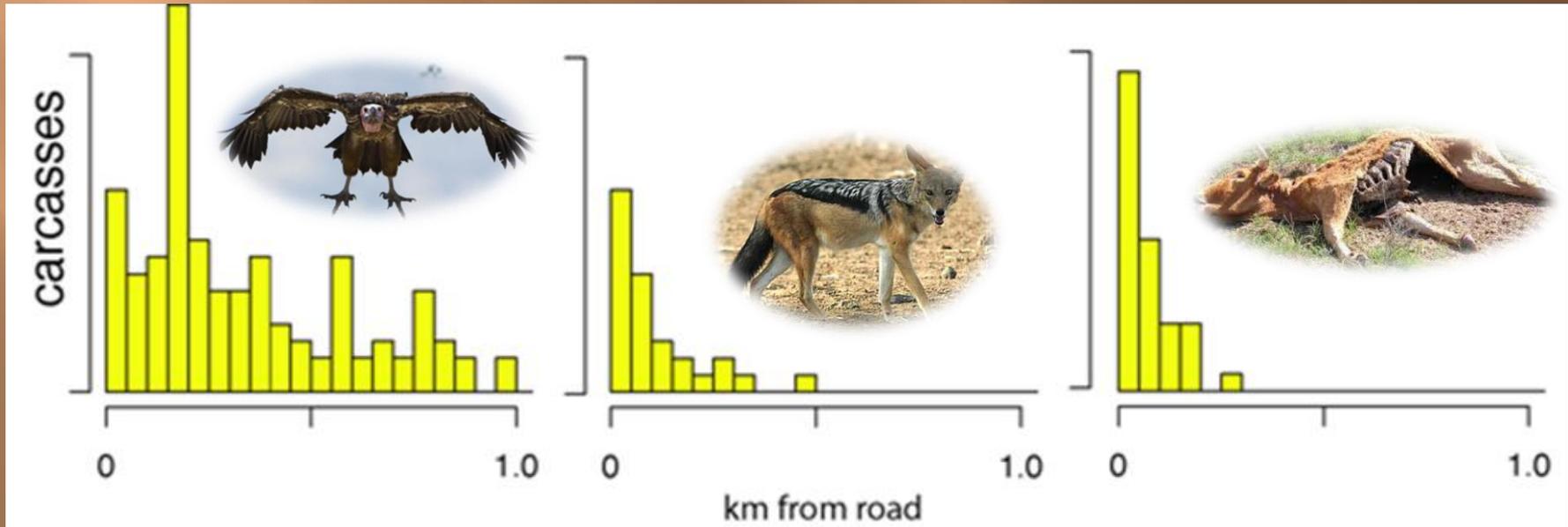


# THE ECOLOGICAL TRIANGLE



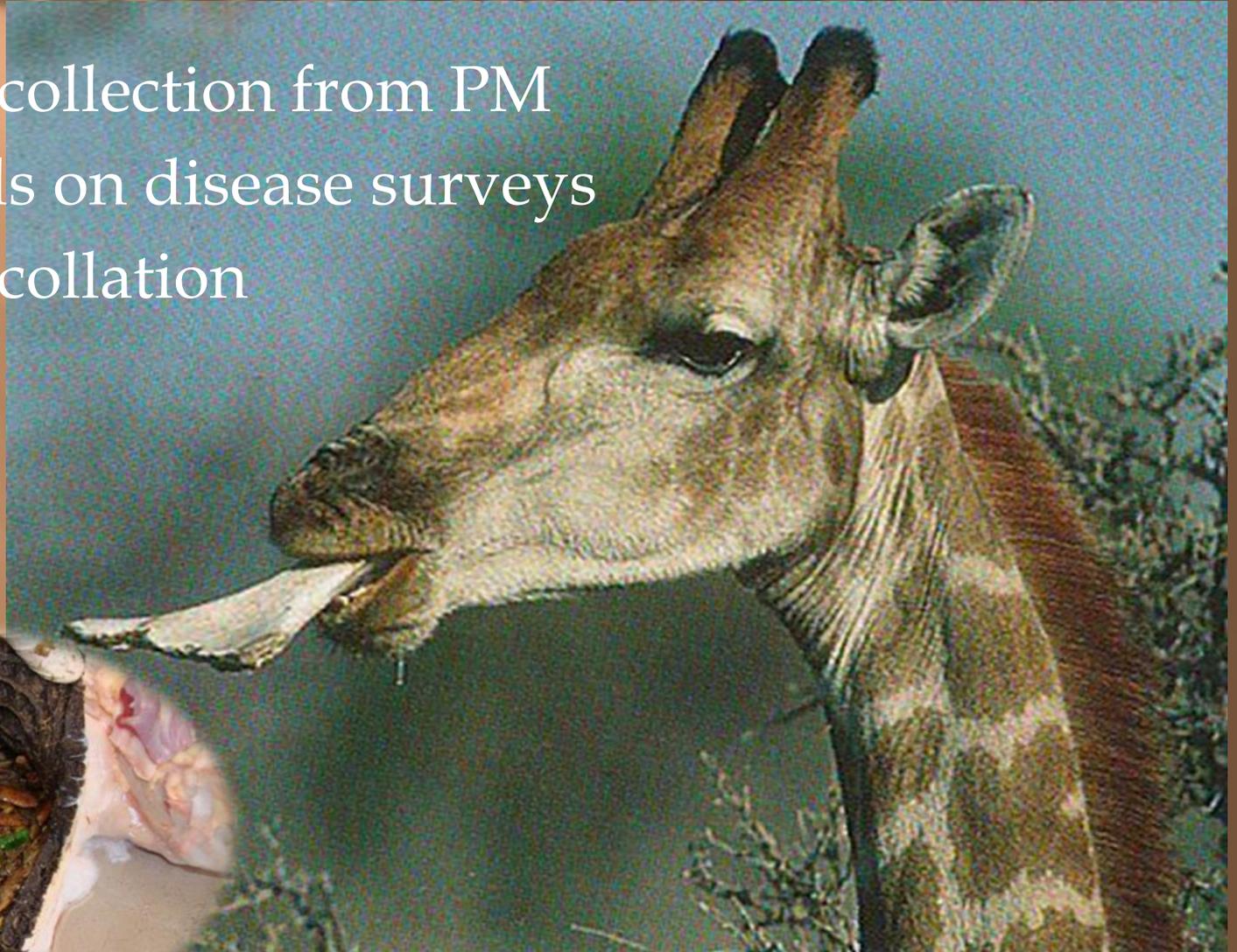
# DISEASE SURVEILLANCE

- Essential component – mostly opportunistic
- Helps with management decisions - rare species!
- Location of carcass & time since death



# DISEASE SURVEILLANCE

- ▣ Data collection from PM
- ▣ Hands on disease surveys
- ▣ Data collation



# DISEASE MANAGEMENT

HABITAT MANAGEMENT  
POPULATION MANAGEMENT NB!!  
FIRE - PARASITE CONTROL?



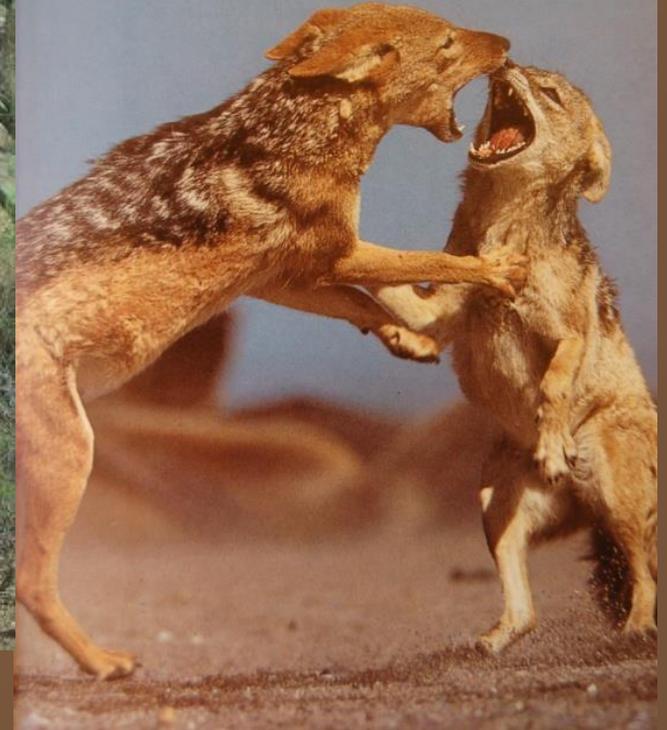
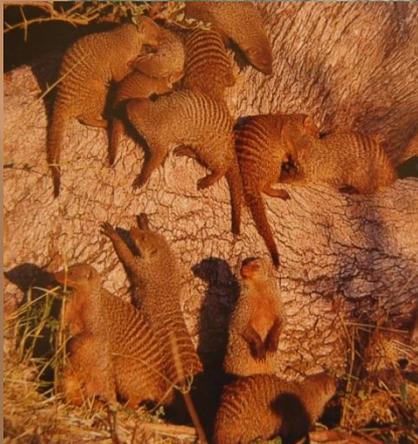
# DISEASE MANAGEMENT

- PREVENT - VACCINATION
- MEDICATING
- TEST AND REMOVE POSITIVE ANIMALS



# DISEASE MANAGEMENT

- VECTOR CONTROL - POISONING?
- CULLING DISEASE CARRIERS??



# DISEASE MANAGEMENT

Fences (+/- Game/Cordon)!?

Limitation with flying vectors



# DISEASE MANAGEMENT

- INTRODUCTIONS (ALIENS??)/  
TRANSLOCATIONS - **VERY IMPORTANT!!!!**
- BREEDING DISEASE FREE WILDLIFE e.g.  
BUFFALO
- QUARANTINE



THANK YOU FOR YOUR PATIENCE!

